



# Submitting Multiple Jobs With HTCondor

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# Agenda

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- Motivation for submitting many jobs using a single submit file
- HTCondor submit file options
  - Using variables
  - Modifying the queue statement
- Organizational tips for handling many input/output files
  - Submit file options for handling different job structures

# Why multiple jobs?

**Mei Monte Carlo**



Needs to run many random simulations to model particles in a detector

Image credit: [The Carpentries Instructor Training](#)

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## Tamara Trials



Testing different design parameters for designing clinical trials.

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# Why multiple jobs?

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Tamara Trials



Ben Bioinformatics



**When running many jobs we want to avoid:**

- starting each job manually
- creating separate submit files for each job

Needs to run many random simulations to model particles in a detector

Testing different design parameters for designing clinical trials.

Applying a quality control / processing pipeline to 20 RNA samples.



# Many jobs, one submit file

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HTCondor has several built-in ways to submit many independent jobs from one submit file





# Let's review: one job

```
executable = analyze.sh  
arguments  = file.in file.out  
transfer_input_files = file.in
```

```
log        = job.log  
output     = job.stdout  
error      = job.stderr
```

```
queue
```

This is the command we want HTCondor to run.





# Let's review: one job

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments  = file.in file.out
transfer_input_files = file.in
```

```
log      = job.log
output  = job.stdout
error   = job.stderr
```

```
queue
```

These are the files we need for the job to run.




# Let's review: one job

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments  = file.in file.out
transfer_input_files = file.in
```

```
log      = job.log
output  = job.stdout
error   = job.stderr
```

```
queue
```

These files track information about the job.

A black arrow points from the text box to the three lines of code: log = job.log, output = job.stdout, and error = job.stderr.



# Let's review: one job

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments  = file.in file.out
transfer_input_files = file.in
```

```
log      = job.log
output  = job.stdout
error   = job.stderr
```

**queue**

The queue term tells HTCondor how many jobs to run.



# Submitting Multiple Jobs

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When submitting multiple jobs using one submit file, it is helpful to start by thinking about:

1. What is ***constant*** across all jobs?
2. What is ***changing*** from job to job?



# Submitting Multiple Jobs

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When submitting multiple jobs using one submit file, it is helpful to start by thinking about:

1. What is *constant* across all jobs?
2. What is *changing* from job to job?

When editing the submit file,  
it is helpful to start by editing the **queue** statement.





# Variable and queue options

Syntax	List of Values	Variable Name
queue <b><i>N</i></b>	Integers: 0 through N-1	\$(ProclD)
queue <b><i>Var</i></b> <b>matching</b> <i>pattern</i> *	List of values that match the wildcard pattern.	\$( <i>Var</i> )
queue <b><i>Var</i></b> <b>in</b> ( <i>item1 item2 ...</i> )	List of values within parentheses.	If no variable name is provided, default is \$(Item)
queue <b><i>Var</i></b> <b>from</b> <i>list</i>	List of values from <i>list</i> , where each value is on its own line.	



# Variable and queue options

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<b>queue <i>Var</i> <b>in</b> (<i>item1 item2 ...</i>)</b>	List of values within parentheses.	If no variable name is provided, default is \$(Item)
 <b>queue <i>Var</i> <b>from</b> <i>list</i></b>	List of values from <i>list</i> , where each value is on its own line.	





## Example 1:

**Many jobs with named files**  
**Queue *variable* from *list***

(e.g. Names like Wisconsin.txt, BiologicalControl.fastq.gz)



# Example 1: Many jobs with named files

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Scenario: Use an executable to analyze Wisconsin population data

```
$ ./compare_states state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat
```



```
executable = compare_states  
arguments  = state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat  
  
transfer_input_files = state.wi.dat  
  
queue
```



# Example 1: Many jobs with named files

Scenario: Use an executable to analyze Wisconsin population data

Suppose we have data for all 50 states: `state.wi.dat`,  
`state.mn.dat`, `state.il.dat`, ...

Let's use HTCondor to automatically queue a job to  
analyze each state's data file!

```
e
arguments = state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat
transfer_input_files = state.wi.dat
queue
```



# Provide a list of values with `queue ... from`

One option is to create another file with the list of input files and use the **`queue variable from list`** syntax.

```
executable = compare_states
arguments   = state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat
transfer_input_files = state.wi.dat
queue state from state_list.txt
```

File name: state\_list.txt

```
state.wi.dat
state.mn.dat
state.il.dat
state.ia.dat
state.mi.dat
```



# Which job components vary?

- Now, what parts of our submit file vary depending on the input?
- We want to vary the job's **arguments** and one **input file**.

```
executable = compare_states
arguments  = state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat

transfer_input_files = state.wi.dat

queue state from state_list.txt
```



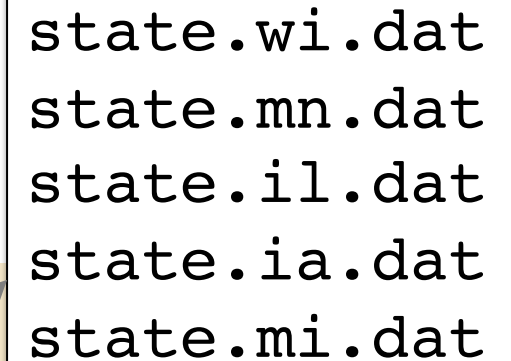
# Use a custom variable

Replace all our varying components in the submit file with a variable.

```
executable = compare_states
arguments   = $(state) out.$(state)

transfer_input_files = $(state)

queue state from state_list.txt
```

A white box with a black border containing a list of state file names. An arrow points from the **state** variable in the code block to this box.

```
state.wi.dat
state.mn.dat
state.il.dat
state.ia.dat
state.mi.dat
```



# Use multiple variables with queue .. from

- The queue from syntax can also support multiple values per job.
- Suppose our command was like this:

```
$ ./compare_states -i [input file] -y [year]
```

```
executable = compare_states  
arguments = -i $(state) -y $(year)
```

```
transfer_input_files = $(state), country.us.dat
```

```
queue state,year from state_list.txt
```

File name: state\_list.txt

```
state.wi.dat,2010  
state.wi.dat,2015  
state.mn.dat,2010  
state.mn.dat,2015
```



## Example 2:

# Queue $N$ with numbered files

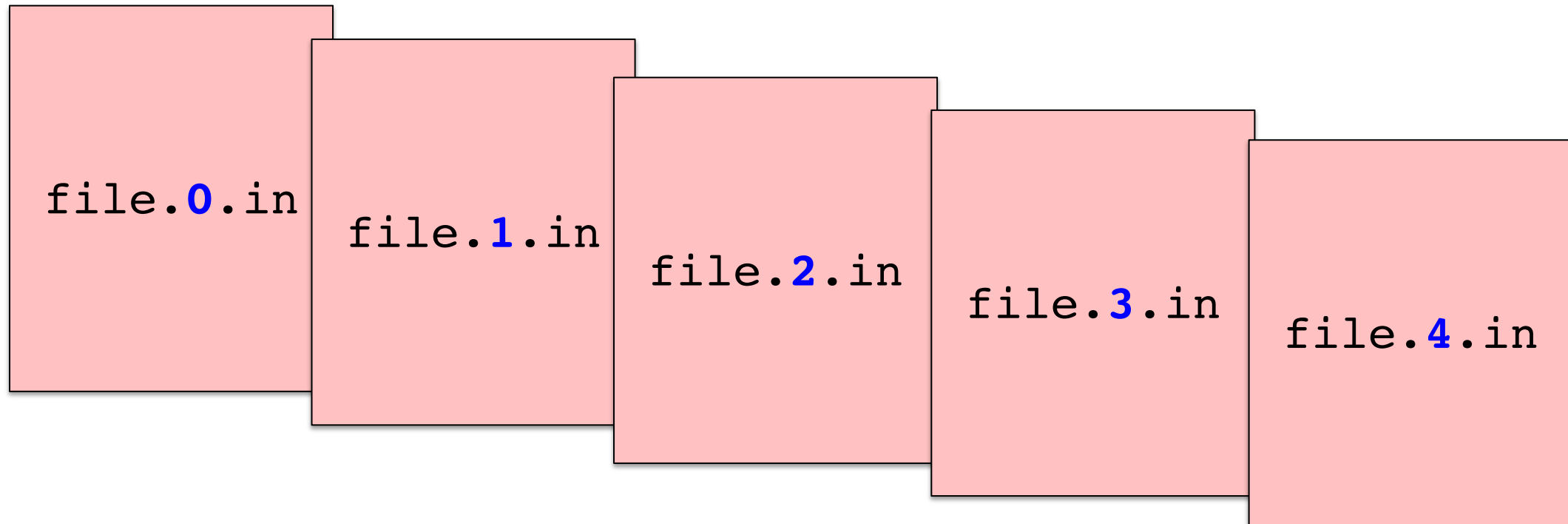
(e.g. Names like file.1.txt, sample1.csv)





# List of numerical input values

Suppose we have many input files and we want to run one job per input file.

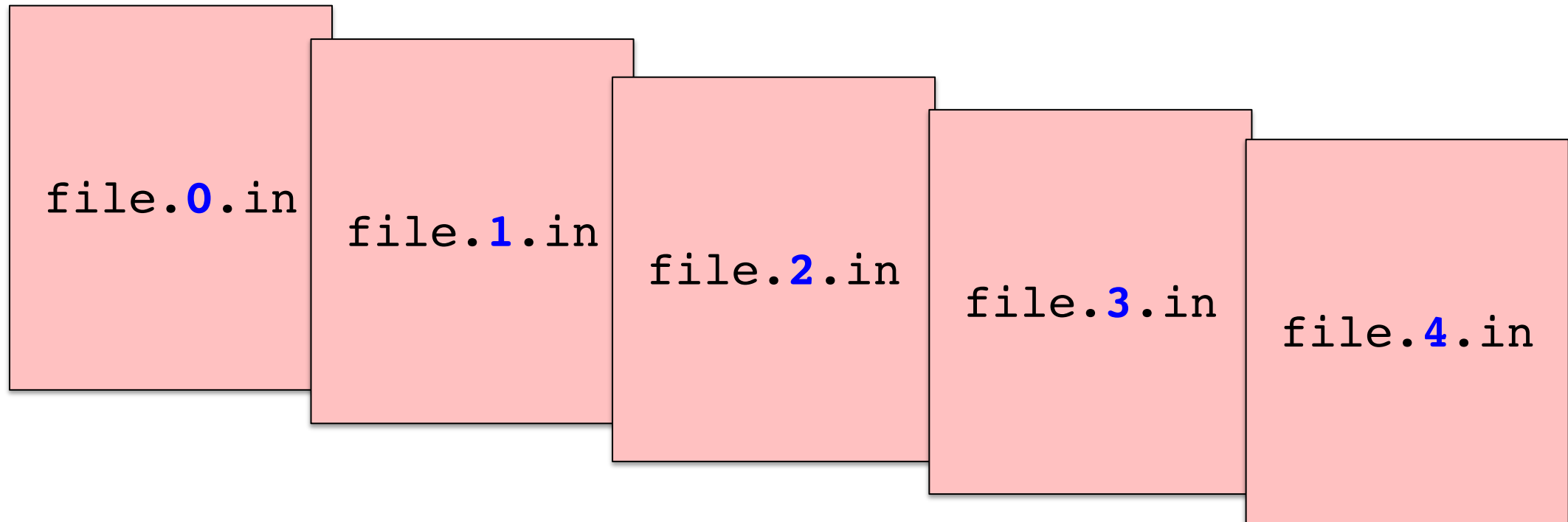




# List of numerical input values

Suppose we have many input files and we want to run one job per input file.

We can capture this set of inputs using a **list of integers**.





# Provide a list of integer values with queue N

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments  = file.in file.out
transfer_input_files = file.in
```

```
log      = job.log
output  = job.stdout
error   = job.stderr
```

```
queue 5
```

This queue statement will generate a list of integers, 0 - 4



# Provide a list of integer values with queue **N**

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments  = file.in file.out
transfer_input_files = file.in
```

```
log      = job.log
output   = job.stdout
error    = job.stderr
```

```
queue 5
```

If we *only* change our queue statement to queue N, HTCondor will queue N *identical* jobs.

This queue statement will generate a list of integers, 0 - 4



# Which job components vary?

```
executable = analyze.sh  
arguments  = file.in file.out  
transfer_input_files = file.in
```

The arguments for our command and the input files would be different for each job.

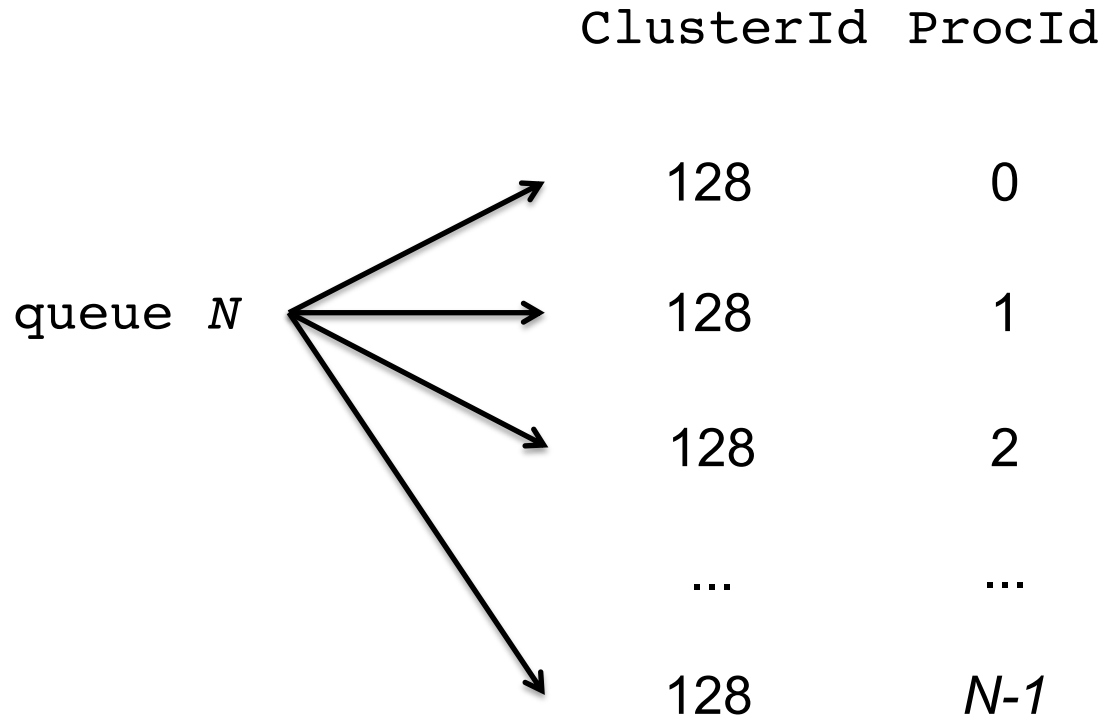
```
log        = job.log  
output     = job.stdout  
error      = job.stderr
```

We might also want to differentiate these job files.

```
queue 5
```



# HTCondor Automatic Variables



Each job's ClusterId and ProcId can be accessed inside the submit file using:

`$(ClusterId)`  
`$(ProcId)`

\* May also see `$(Cluster)`, `$(Process)` in documentation



# Use `$(ProcID)` as the variable

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments  = file.$(ProcID).in file.$(ProcID).out
transfer_input_files = file$(ProcID).in

log       = job.$(ProcID).log
output    = job.$(ProcID).stdout
error     = job.$(ProcID).stderr

queue 5
```

The default variable representing the changing numbers in our list is `$(ProcID)`



# Submitting Jobs

Jobs in the queue will be grouped in batches  
(default: cluster number)

```
$ condor_submit job.submit
Submitting job(s).
5 job(s) submitted to cluster 128.
```

```
$ condor_q
-- Schedd: submit-1.chtc.wisc.edu : <128.104.101.92:9618?... @ 05/09/19 10:35:54
OWNER  BATCH_NAME  SUBMITTED  DONE  RUN  IDLE  TOTAL  JOB_IDS
alice  ID: 128      5/9 11:03   _    _    5      5      128.0-4

5 jobs; 0 completed, 0 removed, 5 idle, 0 running, 0 held, 0 suspended
```

To see individual jobs, use:  
**condor\_q -nobatch**





# Other options: queue N

## Can I start from 1 instead of 0?

- Yes! These two lines increment the `$(ProcId)` variable

```
tempProc = $(ProcId) + 1  
newProc = $INT(tempProc)
```

- You would use the second variable name `$(newProc)` in your submit file

## Can I create a certain number of digits (i.e. 000, 001 instead of 0,1)?

- Yes, this syntax will make `$(ProcId)` have a certain number of digits

```
$INT(ProcId,%03)
```



# **Other Options for Submitting Multiple Jobs**



# Variable and queue options

Syntax	List of Values	Variable Name
queue <i>N</i>	Integers: 0 through <i>N</i> -1	\$(ProclD)
→ queue <i>Var</i> matching <i>pattern</i> *	List of values that match the wildcard pattern.	\$( <i>Var</i> )
queue <i>Var</i> in ( <i>item1 item2 ...</i> )	List of values within parentheses.	If no variable name is provided, default is \$(Item)
queue <i>Var</i> from <i>list.txt</i>	List of values from <i>list.txt</i> , where each value is on its own line.	



# Other options: queue ... matching

**Queue matching** has options to select only files or directories

```
queue infile matching files *.dat
```

```
queue indirs matching dirs job*
```

If you have questions about which queue statement would work best for *your* workflow, don't hesitate to reach out to OSG staff this week!



# Queue options, pros and cons

<b>queue <i>N</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Simple, good for multiple jobs that only require a numerical index.</li></ul>
<b>queue matching <i>pattern*</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Natural nested looping, minimal programming, use optional “files” and “dirs” keywords to only match files or directories</li><li>- Requires good naming conventions.</li></ul>
<b>queue in (<i>list</i>)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- All information contained in a single file, reproducible</li><li>- Harder to automate submit file creation</li></ul>
<b>queue from <i>file</i></b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Supports multiple variables, highly modular (easy to use one submit file for many job batches), reproducible</li><li>- Additional file needed</li></ul>



# Organization

*(more on this later!)*



# Organization

```
12181445_0.err 16058473_0.err 17381628_0.err 18159900_0.err 5175744_0.err 7266263_0.err
12181445_0.log 16058473_0.log 17381628_0.log 18159900_0.log 5175744_0.log 7266263_0.log
12181445_0.out 16058473_0.out 17381628_0.out 18159900_0.out 5175744_0.out 7266263_0.out
13609567_0.err 16060330_0.err 17381640_0.err 3446080_0.err 5176204_0.err 7266267_0.err
13609567_0.log 16060330_0.log 17381640_0.log 3446080_0.log 5176204_0.log 7266267_0.log
13609567_0.out 16060330_0.out 17381640_0.out 3446080_0.out 5176204_0.out 7266267_0.out
13612268_0.err 16254074_0.err 17381665_0.err 3446306_0.err 5295132_0.err 7937420_0.err
13612268_0.log 16254074_0.log 17381665_0.log 3446306_0.log 5295132_0.log 7937420_0.log
13612268_0.out 16254074_0.out 17381665_0.out 3446306_0.out 5295132_0.out 7937420_0.out
13630381_0.err 17134215_0.err 17381676_0.err 4347054_0.err 5318339_0.err 8779997_0.err
13630381_0.log 17134215_0.log 17381676_0.log 4347054_0.log 5318339_0.log 8779997_0.log
13630381_0.out 17134215_0.out 17381676_0.out 4347054_0.out 5318339_0.out 8779997_0.out
```

*Many jobs means many files.*



# Tip: Organize with Directories

```
executable = analyze.sh
transfer_input_files = input/file$(ProcID).in,
                       shared/

log      = logs/job.$(ProcID).log
output  = output/job.$(ProcID).stdout
error   = error/job.$(ProcID).stderr

queue 5
```

```
submit_dir/
  jobs.submit
  analyze.sh
  shared/
    script1.sh
    reference.dat
  input/
    file0.in
    ...
  logs/
    job.0.log
    ...
  output/
    job.0.stdout
    ...
  error/
    job.0.stderr
    ...
```





# Tip: Organize with Directories

```
executable = analyze.sh
transfer_input_files = input/file$(ProcID).in,
                       shared/

log      = logs/job.$(ProcID).log
output  = output/job.$(ProcID).stdout
error   = error/job.$(ProcID).stderr

queue 5
```

Transfer an entire directory (**shared**)  
or just the contents of a directory (**shared/**)

```
submit_dir/
  jobs.submit
  analyze.sh
  shared/
    script1.sh
    reference.dat
  input/
    file0.in
    ...
  logs/
    job.0.log
    ...
  output/
    job.0.stdout
    ...
  error/
    job.0.stderr
    ...
```



# Submit File Options for Organizing Files

Syntax	Purpose	Features
<code>Initialdir = path/to/initialDirectory</code>	Sets the submission directory for each job. When set, this becomes the base path where output files will be saved.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Used to submit multiple jobs from <b>different directories</b></li><li>- Used to avoid having to write some paths in other submit file values</li></ul>
<code>Transfer_output_remaps = "file1.out=path/to/file1.out; file2.out=path/to/renamedFile2.out"</code>	Used to save output files to a specific path and using a certain name	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Used to save output files to a <b>specific folder</b></li><li>- Used to <b>rename</b> output files to avoid writing over existing files</li></ul>



# Job-specific directories with `initialdir`

- Use `initialdir` to set the submission directory.
- All output files will be saved back to this directory.

```
executable = analyze.sh
transfer_input_files = file.in
initialdir = job$(ProcId)

output = job.stdout
error = job.stderr

queue 5
```

Executable should be in the directory with the submit file, **not** in the individual job directories.

```
submit_dir/
  jobs.submit
  analyze.sh
  job0/
    file.in
    job.stdout
    job.stderr
  job1/
    file.in
    job.stdout
    job.stderr
  job2/
    ...
```



# Send output to a specific directory

- **Reminder:** by default, HTCondor transfers all files back to the submission directory
- Use `transfer_output_remaps` to save output files to a specific path and using a certain name to avoid a cluttered workspace/ writing over other files

```
executable          = analyze.sh
arguments           = file.in file.out

transfer_input_files = input/file.in
transfer_output_remaps = "file.out=output/file.out"

queue
```

```
submit_dir/
  jobs.submit
  analyze.sh
  input/
    file.in
  output/
    file.out
```



# Questions?



# Additional Slides of Interest

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# Case Study 1

## Mei Monte Carlo



Needs to run many random simulations to model particles in a detector

## What varies?

- Not much – just needs an index to keep simulation results separate.

## Use queue N

- Simple, built-in
- No need for specific input values

# Case Study 2

## Tamara Trials



Testing different design parameters for designing clinical trials.

### What varies?

- Five parameter combinations per job
- Parameters are given as arguments to the executable

### Use `queue ... from`

- `queue from` can accommodate multiple values per job
- Easy to re-run combinations that fail by using subset of original list



# Case Study 3

## Ben Bioinformatics



Applying a quality control / processing pipeline to 20 RNA samples.

## What varies?

- Each job analyzes one sample; each sample consists of two fastq files in a folder with a standard prefix.

## Use queue ... matching

- Folders have a standard prefix, input files have standard suffix, easy to pattern match

## Good alternative: queue ... from

- Provide list of folder names/file prefixes, construct paths in the submit file.